

## FOREST TYPE: RED SPRUCE

### SPECIES LIST

Asterisk denotes Species of Greatest Conservation Need. Hyperlinks take you to recommendations specific to the species.

#### Reptiles and Amphibians

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None listed

#### Birds

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Common goldeneye

[Spruce grouse](#)\*

[Sharp-shinned hawk](#)\*

Northern saw-whet owl

[Three-toed woodpecker](#)\*

Yellow-bellied flycatcher

[Olive-sided flycatcher](#)\*

Blue-headed vireo

Gray jay

Boreal chickadee

Red-breasted nuthatch

Golden-crowned kinglet

Ruby-crowned kinglet

Swainson's thrush

Northern parula

Magnolia warbler

[Cape May warbler](#)\*

Blackburnian warbler

[Bay-breasted warbler](#)\*

Blackpoll warbler

Dark-eyed junco

[Rusty blackbird](#)\*

[Purple finch](#)\*

Red crossbill

White-winged crossbill

Pine siskin

Evening grosbeak

#### Mammals

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Snowshoe hare

Red squirrel

Northern flying squirrel

Deer mouse

Southern red-backed vole

[Long-tailed shrew](#)\*

[Hoary bat](#)\*

[Tri-colored bat](#)\*

[Little brown bat](#)\*

[Silver-haired bat](#)\*

[Northern long-eared bat](#)\*

[Indiana bat](#)\*

[Red bat](#)\*

Red fox

[American marten](#)\*

[Bobcat](#)\*

[Moose](#)\*

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### RECOMMENDATIONS

These recommendations are designed to optimize wildlife habitat conditions within this forest type. Other silvicultural options may apply, but they won't necessarily optimize potential habitat conditions for the full range of wildlife species that can occupy this type.

- Use uneven-aged management—group selection with groups less than 1 acre.
- Use a 120-year rotation age with entries every 15 to 20 years.
- Let 10 percent of the area in this type age to 150 years before rotating.
- Avoid entry during nesting season—April to June.
- Whole-tree harvest or cut-to-length is preferred.

*Species List and Recommendations, Forest Type: Red Spruce*

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